## **Dajia Village Photovoltaic Panels**



Does community management influence household adoption of rooftop solar photovoltaics in rural China? This paper examines inequality in household adoption of rooftop solar photovoltaics in rural China through a qualitative study of three villages. The Chinese government promotes distributed solar to drive low-carbon development. However, community management and China's institutional system influence unequal access.

Can solar photovoltaic projects help alleviate poverty in rural areas?

Nature Communications 11, Article number: 1969 (2020) Cite this article Since 2013, China has implemented a large-scale initiative to systematically deploy solar photovoltaic (PV) projects to alleviate poverty in rural areas.

Can a village adopt a solar power system?

Usually,only about 30% of households can adopt PV. To increase that percentage, the village would need to expand transformer capacity. The costs of that expansion get divided up and paid by later adopters. This raises their construction costs and creates an obstacle to adoption. It is another form of injustice.

How does SEPAP support solar installations in high-poverty rural villages?

SEPAP supports solar installations in high-poverty rural villages through three primary types of projects: village-level arrays(for projects generally no more than 300 kW),village-level joint construction arrays (for projects generally no more than 6000 kW),and rooftop installations targeted toward poor villagers (typically several kW).

Do villagers have a role in photovoltaic negotiations?

From a procedural justice standpoint, the village committee acts as an agent negotiating with photovoltaic enterprises while villagers participate limitedly(e.g., voting at meetings). Regarding pricing roof resources and determining cooperation specifics, villagers' absence in negotiations diminishes the fairness of the process.

Do community-level support and household resources affect photovoltaic adoption?

We find that structural opportunities provided by communities and households' own resource endowments have an additive effecton adoption. This highlights the need to consider both community-level support and household resources when evaluating photovoltaic adoption and energy justice.

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The joint venture is the first innovative fund product in China that ...

Even early PV panels still good after 20 years: The LEE-TISO testing centre for PV components at the University of Applied Sciences of Southern Switzerland installed Europe's first grid-connected PV plant, a 10kW roof, in May 1982. ...

PV panels perform best in direct sunlight, and their efficiency decreases in cloudy or shady conditions. Over time, photovoltaic panels experience a natural decrease in efficiency due to aging and exposure to ...

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